The Seljuq Turks: A Dynasty that Shaped the Middle East





The History of the Seljuq Turks: The Saljuq-nama of Zahir al-Din Nishpuri (Routledge Studies in the History of Iran and Turkey) by Michael Isikoff

4.6 out of 5

Language : English

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Text-to-Speech : Enabled

Screen Reader : Supported

Enhanced typesetting : Enabled

Word Wise : Enabled

Print length : 231 pages



The Seljuq Turks were a powerful Turkic dynasty that ruled over a vast empire in the Middle East from the 11th to the 13th centuries. They played a major role in shaping the history of the region, and their legacy can still be seen today.

Origins of the Seljuqs

The Seljuqs were a branch of the Oghuz Turks, a nomadic people who originated in Central Asia. In the 10th century, they began to migrate westwards into the Seljuk Khanate, which was located in what is now Turkmenistan.

The Seljuq leader, Tughril Beg, converted to Islam in the 10th century, and this helped to consolidate the power of the Seljuq tribe. In 1055, Tughril Beg led his followers into Khorasan, which was then ruled by the Ghaznavid dynasty. The Seljuqs quickly defeated the Ghaznavids and established their own empire.

The Seljuq Empire

The Seljuq Empire reached its greatest extent in the 11th and 12th centuries. It stretched from Central Asia to the Mediterranean Sea, and from the Caucasus Mountains to the Indian Ocean. The empire was divided into several provinces, each of which was ruled by a governor appointed by the sultan.

The Seljuqs were a tolerant dynasty, and they allowed their subjects to practice their own religions. They also patronized the arts and sciences, and their empire was a center of learning and culture.

The Crusades

The Seljuqs played a major role in the Crusades, which were a series of religious wars between the Christians and Muslims. The Seljuqs were initially successful in defeating the Crusaders, but they were eventually defeated by the European powers.

The Crusades had a profound impact on the Seljuq Empire. The wars drained the empire's resources, and they led to the division of the empire into several smaller states.

Decline of the Seljuq Empire

The Seljuq Empire began to decline in the 13th century. The empire was weakened by a series of invasions by the Mongols, and it eventually collapsed in 1292.

The Seljuqs left a lasting legacy in the Middle East. They were the first Turkic dynasty to rule over a large part of the region, and they helped to spread Islam and Turkish culture. The Seljuqs also played a major role in the Crusades, and their empire was a center of learning and culture.

The History of the Seljuq Turks

The book "The History of the Seljuq Turks" by G. R. G. Hamilton is a comprehensive history of the Seljuq dynasty. The book covers the origins of the Seljuqs, their rise to power, and their eventual decline. Hamilton provides a detailed account of the Seljuq Empire, including its political, economic, and cultural history.

The book is a valuable resource for anyone who is interested in the history of the Middle East. It is a well-written and informative book that provides a comprehensive overview of the Seljug dynasty.



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